

**Grammar, punctuation and spelling.**  
**Paper 1: short answer questions.**

1. Circle the most suitable **connective** to complete the sentence below.

Jessica ran out of milk \_\_\_\_\_ she went to the shop.

because/ so / as / next

2. Tick **one** word to complete the sentence below so that it is grammatically correct.

The girl \_\_\_\_\_ a letter to her friend.

Tick **one**

writ

written

wrote

writing

3. Complete the sentences below using **I** or **me**.

\_\_\_\_\_ needed to go to the shops.

The dog was watching \_\_\_\_\_ get his dinner ready.

My friend was thinking it was \_\_\_\_\_ who bought her the surprise birthday present.

4. it was raining on tuesday even though the weather forecast said it would not rain in brotton.

a) Circle the three words in the sentence above that should start with a capital letter.

b) For one of the words you have identified above, explain why it needs a capital letter.

Word Chosen \_\_\_\_\_ it needs a capital letter

because \_\_\_\_\_

5. Each of the sentences below is missing a verb.

Draw a line to match each sentence with the correct verb.

**Sentence**

Andy and Alex \_\_\_\_\_ played tennis.

The girls \_\_\_\_\_ singing a song.

Courtney \_\_\_\_\_ lost her bag.

The dog \_\_\_\_\_ running down the lane.

**Verb**

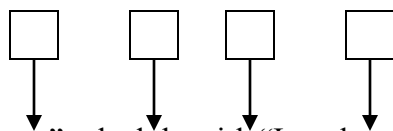
are

has

is

have

6. Tick one box to show where the missing **question mark** should go.



“Can you help me please” asked the girl, “I am lost.”

7. Change the question in the table below into a command.

Write the command in the box.

<b>Question</b>	<b>Command</b>
Will you get my coat?	

8. Draw lines to match the words with their most likely final punctuation.  
Use each punctuation mark **once**.

John picked up the coat

!

What time is it

?

Now

.

9. Write a connective from the boxes in each space to complete the sentences. Use each word once.

**while**

**or**

**so**

\_\_\_\_\_ the man was waiting for the bus, he could not decide whether to wear his jumper \_\_\_\_\_ his coat, \_\_\_\_\_ he decided to wear both.

10. Put a tick in each row to show whether each underlined words is a noun or an adjective.

The shining sun warmed up the busy park, which the people enjoyed.

Word from sentence	Noun	Adjective
shining		
park		
people		

11. Which pair of pronouns is best to complete the sentence below?

\_\_\_\_\_ ran with determination and were crowned the winners of the tournament. \_\_\_\_\_ team is the best in the area.

Set of words	Tick ONE
hers her	
I them	
We Our	
him his	

12. Find **one** words that can complete **both** sentences below.  
Write the word in the box.

The man lit a \_\_\_\_\_ to light the candle.

The netball \_\_\_\_\_ was played on the playground.

The missing word is

13. Which sentence uses the correct **plural**? Tick the correct sentence.

The lady bought three pints of milks.

There was five bottles of waters on the table.

There are lots of shelves in a library.

Foxies live in the woods.

14. Which sentence contains **two** verbs? Tick one sentence.

Jane put on her coat and ran out of the house.

We usually buy fish and chips on a Friday.

The traffic lights were on red.

The children played on the field.

15. Which of the sentences below uses **commas** correctly?

Sue found a coin, a conker, a packet of crisps and a ball.

Sue found, a coin a conker, a packet of crisps and a ball.

Sue, found a coin a conker a packet of crisps and a ball.

Sue found, a coin, a conker a packet of crisps, and a ball.

16. Circle all the **adverbs** in the sentences below.

The birds sang sweetly in the trees as the wind gently moved the leaves.

17. You are looking over your work and decide to replace the word 'nice' in the sentence below.

The room was nice.

Choose another word with a similar meaning and write it in the box.

18. Which of the sentences below is punctuated correctly?

James ran a marathon (even though it was) a challenge and raised £200 for charity.

James ran a marathon even though it was a challenge and raised (£200 for charity).

James (ran a marathon) even though it was a challenge and raised £200 for charity.

James ran a marathon (even though it was a challenge) and raised £200 for charity.

19. Put a tick in each row to show whether the word is a noun or a verb.  
One has been done for you.

	noun	verb
hall	√	
to climb		
love		
running		

20. Look at the passage below. Change all the verbs from the **past** tense to the **present** tense.

pack



I packed my bag for school. I needed my PE kit.



I also took my packed lunch. As I was going to my after school club, I needed to take a snack too.

21. Circle all the **adjectives** in the sentence below.

The old man walked to the busy shop.

22. Which sentence uses commas correctly?

As the shops, were busy there weren't any, spaces left in the car park.

As the shops were busy, there weren't any spaces left in the car park.

As the shops were busy there weren't any spaces, left in the car park.

As the shops were busy, there weren't, any spaces left in the car park.

23. Circle the **connective** in the sentence below.

Until it was dark, we couldn't light the fireworks.

24. Write a **question** beginning with the words below.

Could you \_\_\_\_\_

25. Write the correct singular or plural form in each space below.

One has been done for you.

One table, three tables

One mouse, three \_\_\_\_\_

One dish, many \_\_\_\_\_

One pint of milk, many \_\_\_\_\_ of milk.

One baby, four \_\_\_\_\_.



26. Which of these should be written as two separate **sentences**? **Tick one.**

I am very happy because the sun is shining.

I like peas but mushrooms are my favourite.

I like art I can draw and paint.

I am wearing a red jumper and my friend is wearing a blue jumper.

27. Insert three commas in the correct places in the sentence below.

Mum brought some crisps a bag of apples some cans of coke and cakes.

28. You are looking over your work and decide to replace the word '**said**' in the sentence below.

"Put your hands up!" said the robber.

Choose a suitable word and put it in the box.

29. Circle all the **nouns** in the sentence below.

The leaves on our tree turned green as the weather became warmer.

30. Which two of these are statements?

**Tick two.**

The road is 5 miles long.

Can I help you?

Pick it up!

The weather is hot.

Can I use this pen?

31. The word **ball** has more than one meaning.

Write two sentences to show two different meanings.

1) \_\_\_\_\_

2) \_\_\_\_\_

32. Put one letter in each box to show the **word class**.

Noun A
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Verb B
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Adjective C
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Adverb D
-------------

The green car suddenly stopped.

↓

↓

↓

↓

33. Tick the words that mean the **opposite** of:

Dry

Quick, fast

Moist, damp

Cold, bitter

Warm, hot

34. Circle the correct form of the **verb** in brackets to complete each sentence.

(was/were)

The balloon \_\_\_\_\_ yellow.

(go/goes)

Jake and Joanne \_\_\_\_\_ swimming every Saturday.

(runs/running)

My friend \_\_\_\_\_ the local pet shop.

35. Write a different adverb in each space below to help describe what Josie did.

Josie ran home \_\_\_\_\_ and put her bags away  
\_\_\_\_\_.

36. Put a tick in each row to show whether the main clause or the subordinate clause is in **bold**.

	Main Clause	Subordinate Clause
<b>My gran</b> , who is nearly 92, <b>is a lot smaller than me</b> .		
The house, <b>which needs some decorating</b> , is a lovely place to live.		
<b>Even though I was early</b> , I was not bored at the cinema.		
<b>The shops were really quiet today</b> , even at dinner time.		

37. Insert the capital letters and full stops in the passage below.

jason still went to his friend's ben's house each day for tea this was because his mum worked and ben's mum agreed to look after him.

38. A prefix is a letter or a group of letters added to the beginning of a word to make a new word.

For example **un**well.

Put a prefix at the beginning of each word to make it mean the opposite.

\_\_\_\_\_ lucky

\_\_\_\_\_ honest

\_\_\_\_\_ trust

39. Insert the missing **inverted commas** in the sentence below.

Who needs a sticker, said the teacher, I will give one to each child who got full marks.

40. Which ending would make this word an **adverb**?

Tick one.

Slowness

Slowly

Slower

Slowest

41. Put a tick to show whether the apostrophe in each sentence is used for omission or possession.

	Omission	Possession
<b>Lewis' boots are by the door.</b>		
<b>They'll get cold playing outside all day.</b>		
<b>I didn't forget the shopping.</b>		
<b>Mrs Jones' cat ran up the tree.</b>		

42. Write a **contraction** to replace the underlined words in each sentence below.

You will have to go for a walk.

\_\_\_\_\_ have to go for a walk.

You can not chase birds.

You \_\_\_\_\_ chase birds.

43. Circle the **preposition** in the sentence below.

The bird sat behind the tree.

44. Put a tick in each row to show whether the **underlined** part of the sentence is a **phrase** or a **clause**.

	Phrase	Clause
We stayed inside <u>so we didn't get wet.</u>		
The rain fell <u>all day.</u>		
<u>The boring film</u> lasted for hours.		
<u>We were full up</u> after eating all the popcorn.		

45. Circle the **article** in each sentence below.

The cat ran across my road because it was being chased by my neighbour's dog.

An apple was eaten by my horse.

A sudden bang was heard by the street.

46. Which word is closest in meaning to 'uneasy' in the sentence below?

The lady felt uneasy by the silence.

surprised

happy

uncomfortable

calm