| | Autumn 1 | Autumn 2 | Spring 1 | Spring 2 | Summer 1 | Summer 2 |
|-----------------------|--|---|--|--|--|---|
| Topic and question(s) | Earth and Space – Space Oddity | Mandela and South Africa | Anglo Saxons and Vikings | The Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the kingdom of England | Forces | Materials and Mapping |
| | Will we ever send another human to the moon? | How has Nelson Mandela helped to stop discrimination? | Were the Anglo-Saxons really smashing? | Were the Vikings always victorious and vicious? | Can you feel the force? | Where in the world are we now? |
| Quality Text | Leon and the Place Between | Journey to Jo'burg – Beverley Naidoo | The Lady of Shalott – Alfred Lord Tennyson | Beowulf _Michael Morpurgo | The Man who Walked Between the Towers – Mordecai Gerstein | The Nowhere Emporium – Ross Mackenzie |
| Hook | David Bowie – Space Oddity Clip of landing on the moon. | Mandela concert footage | Reading corner into village setting with tools, furs etc. | film showing life in a Viking village. | Film – The Walk - See Netflix | Field work mission to Daisy Nook |
| Curriculum Focus | Science | Geography | History | History | Science | Science |

| Science Y5: | use the eight | Britain's | Names and | explain that | Science Y5: |
|------------------|------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------------|
| Earth and | points of a | settlements by | places; art and | unsupported | Properties and |
| Space | compass, four- | Anglo-Saxons | culture and | objects fall | Changes of |
| describe the | figure grid | and Scots | Christian | towards the | Materials |
| movement of | references, | - Anglo-Saxon | conversion | Earth because | compare and |
| the Earth, and | symbols and | invasions; | | of the force of | group |
| other planets, | key (including | settlements; | | gravity acting | together |
| relative to the | the use of | kingdoms; | | between the | everyday |
| Sun in the solar | Ordnance | | | Earth and the | materials on |
| system | Survey maps) | | | falling object | the basis of |
| describe the | to build their | | | identify the | their |
| movement of | knowledge of | | | effects of air | properties, |
| the Moon | the United | | | resistance, | including |
| relative to the | Kingdom and | | | water | their |
| Earth | the wider | | | resistance and | hardness, |
| describe the | world | | | friction, that | solubility, |
| Sun, Earth and | use fieldwork | | | act between | transparency, |
| Moon as | to observe, | | | moving | conductivity |
| approximately | measure and | | | surfaces | (electrical |
| spherical | record the | | | recognise that | and thermal), |
| bodies | human and | | | some | and response |
| use the idea of | physical | | | mechanisms, | to magnets |
| the Earth's | features in the | | | including | know that |
| rotation to | local area using | | | levers, pulleys | some |
| explain day | a range of | | | and gears, | materials will |
| and night and | methods, | | | allow a smaller | dissolve in |
| the apparent | including | | | force to have a | liquid to |
| movement of | sketch maps, | | | greater effect. | form a |
| the sun across | plans and | | | | solution, and |
| the sky. | graphs, and | | | | describe how |
| | digital | | | | to recover a |
| | technologies. | | | | substance |

| History A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066 | from a solution use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated, including through filtering, sieving and evaporating give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular uses of everyday materials, |
|---|---|
| | everyday |
| | that dissolving, |

| | | | mixing and changes of state are reversible changes explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually reversible, including changes associated with burning and the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda |
|--|--|--|--|
| | | | Geography |

| | | KS2 Geography: |
|--|--|-----------------------------|
| | | use the eight |
| | | points of a |
| | | compass, four- |
| | | figure grid |
| | | references, |
| | | symbols and key |
| | | (including the |
| | | use of Ordnance |
| | | |
| | | Survey maps) to build their |
| | | |
| | | knowledge of the |
| | | United Kingdom |
| | | and the wider |
| | | world |
| | | Identify and |
| | | name the |
| | | Tropics of |
| | | Cancer and |
| | | Capricorn, the |
| | | Arctic and |
| | | Antarctic circles, |
| | | major deserts. |
| | | Give extended |
| | | description of |
| | | the physical |
| | | features of |
| | | different places |
| | | around the |
| | | world. |
| | | Describe how |
| | | some places are |

| | | | | | | similar and others are different in relation to their features. |
|------------------|--|--|--------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Cultural Capital | Trip to Joddrel Bank David Bowie – Space Oddity | S is for South Africa – Beverley Naidoo Poetry | Robin Wood Trip | Jorvik Viking Centre in York | In school circus visit | Trip to Ashton Art Gallery – Bayeaux Tapestry Bishop Odo of Bayeaux |

Cultural Capital:

Trip

Classical composer

Classic novel

Artist

Poem